

Allianz Life Global High Payout Fund



Investment Objective

The Global High Payout Fund (the "Fund") feeds into Allianz Global Investors Premier Funds- Allianz Global High Payout Fund (USD) ["CIS"] and aims to provide investors with total return from dividend income, option premiums and capital appreciation, sustainable distributions, and typically lower portfolio volatility compared to an equity investment, by investing in a globally diversified portfolio of equities which offer attractive and sustainable dividend yields, and selling call options to generate option premiums which will enhance dividends and reduce overall portfolio risk.

Investor Profile

The Fund is designed for investors who want regular and sustainable potential high payouts.

Performance Indicator

	1 month	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 years	5 years	10 years	YTD	Since Inception (Annualised)
Allianz Life Global High Payout Fund	2.44%	-0.99%	5.03%	11.19%	41.59%	38.56%	152.18%	-0.99%	5.06%
Benchmark: 60% MSCI World + 40% MSCI World Dividend Yield	1.39%	-2.04%	1.37%	7.94%	10.52%	12.08%	111.15%	-2.04%	4.20%
Allianz Global High Payout Fund (USD)	2.59%	-1.61%	5.23%	11.09%	43.44%	52.30%	89.33%	-1.61%	4.36%

Ringgit depreciated 0.69% (YTD) and depreciated 0.98% (since inception).

Source: Bloomberg and <https://sg.allianzgi.com/>

The above performance of the Fund is calculated in Ringgit Malaysia on a NAV-to-NAV basis including gross dividends paid out. It is strictly the performance of the investment fund and not the returns earned on the actual premiums paid of the investment-linked product. Past performance is not an indication of future performance.

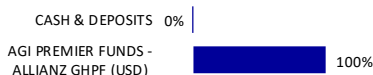
Facts on CIS

Name	Allianz Global Investors Premier Funds- Allianz Global High Payout Fund (USD) ("AGI Premier Funds – Allianz GHPF (USD)")
ISIN	SG9999002232
Type	Equity Fund
Fund Manager	Allianz Global Investors Singapore Limited
Fund Currency	USD

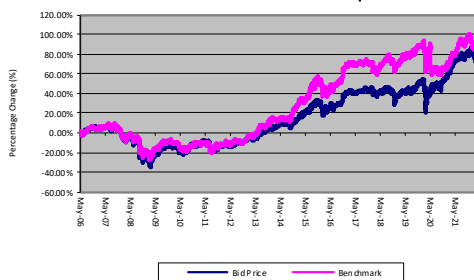
Key Fund Facts

Fund Size	RM8.374 million
Risk Profile	Moderate Investor
Launch Date	27 th March 2006
Fund Currency	Ringgit Malaysia
Investment Manager	Allianz Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad
Pricing Frequency	Daily
Price per Unit ¹ (as at 31st March 2022) - Bid	1.387
Management Fee	1.50% p.a
Other Charges ²	Include but not limited to government tax, auditor fee, custodian fee, & transaction charge

Portfolio Composition



Performance Since Inception



- The price per unit of the Fund is the total market value of assets in the Fund divided by the total number of units of the Fund. To ensure fair treatment to all unit holders, transaction costs of acquiring and disposing of assets of the Fund are recouped by making a dilution or transaction cost adjustment to the NAV per unit of the Fund. Allianz Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad retains the right to suspend issuance or redemption of units of the Fund under exceptional circumstances, e.g. temporary closure of any stock exchange, as disclosed in the fund brochure.
- Expenses directly related to and necessary in operating the Fund.

Disclaimer

The Allianz Life Global High Payout Fund is a unit-linked fund offered by Allianz Life Insurance Malaysia Berhad (Allianz). This fact sheet is prepared by Allianz and is for information only. The fund fact sheet of the CIS will be available at < <https://sg.allianzgi.com/>>. The performance of the Fund is not guaranteed and the value of the units and the income derived there from may increase or decrease. Past returns and any forecast is not necessarily a guide to future performance. Allianz does not warrant or make any representations that the Fund will guarantee profits, or not result in losses or the correctness, accuracy, reliability, or otherwise of this fact sheet. Before deciding to invest in the Allianz Life Global High Payout Fund, you should carefully consider your investment objectives, level of experience, and risk appetite. Allianz disclaims any and all liabilities against loss, damages, etc whether direct, indirect or consequential as a result of your reliance on this fact sheet. You should be aware of all the risks associated with fluctuations in a unit-linked fund and are advised to seek the advice of your financial consultant before making any investment.

While reasonable care has been taken to ensure the accuracy and completeness of this presentation as at the date of publication, Allianz accepts no responsibility for any errors or omissions. Allianz assumes no obligation to update any information contained herein.

March 2022

Allianz Life Global High Payout Fund



Manager's Comment (For Allianz Global High Payout Fund (USD))

Market Review & Outlook

- Global equities started March on a weak footing as investors were unnerved by the impact of the ongoing conflict between Russia and Ukraine, including a further surge on oil prices and news that President Vladimir Putin had placed Russia's nuclear forces on a heightened state of alert. However, sentiment improved in the second half of the month when oil prices came off their highs, Russia failed to default on its debt, and the US Federal Reserve took steps to tackle rampant inflationary pressures. Tentative signs of progress in negotiations between Russia and Ukraine also added to the positive tone.
- US equities recovered from a weak start to March to close the month moderately higher. The rally helped the S&P 500 Index to regain levels last seen prior to Russia's invasion of Ukraine. The tech-heavy Nasdaq also regained its pre-invasion level, having briefly entered a bear market in mid-March. In a reversal to the previous month, large-cap stocks outperformed smaller companies, although both advanced, while growth stocks marginally outpaced value ones.
- European equities overcame early weakness to close March with relatively flat returns, although they recovered most of the ground lost in late-February on news that Russia had invaded Ukraine. European Union (EU) countries tightened sanctions against Russia and announced measures to help businesses and individuals impacted by the conflict, but the block remained divided over whether to ban imports of Russian energy. On the last day of March, Russia said it will stop supplying gas to countries deemed to be "unfriendly" unless they pay in rubles, causing several EU countries to make preparations for gas rationing.

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Investment Strategy & Approach



The investment approach would be a combination of 1) Top down analysis of the macroeconomic environment to determine asset allocation and sector exposure strategy and 2) Rigorous bottom up analysis which includes value analysis and financial analysis, to select individual stocks/credits to generate alpha return.

On top of regulatory limits imposed by Bank Negara Malaysia, Allianz Life have put in place tight internal investment limits for all asset classes to ensure that the Fund does not take on excessive risk, while recognizing there cannot be total elimination of risks associated with investing in the Fund. The following is a non-exhaustive list of key risk factors when investing into the Fund.

- **Market Risk** – The value of the Fund's investment assets may be affected by changes in economic fundamentals, interest rate movement, regulatory policy, political and industrial developments. These market factors may result in fluctuations in the value of the Fund's investment assets. This risk may be mitigated by ensuring a rigorous review of macroeconomic factors and asset allocation strategy.
- **Country/Foreign Investment Risk** – This risk refers to the risks of investing in foreign markets. The value of the foreign investment assets directly or indirectly held by the Fund may be affected by country-specific factors, such as the country's economic fundamentals, social and political stability and regulatory policy. This risk may be mitigated by ensuring regular and rigorous reviews of macroeconomic, socio – politic and regulatory factors as well as adopting an appropriate asset allocation strategy.
- **Currency Risk** – For foreign investments, fluctuations in currency exchange rates may have an impact on the value of the Fund's investment assets. This risk may be managed by engaging in foreign currency hedging.
- **Sector Risk** – The value of the Fund's investment assets may be adversely affected by the changes in sector-specific factors, such as the business condition, industry outlook and demand/supply dynamic of the industry. This risk may be managed through portfolio diversification and control on sector concentration risk.
- **Company Specific Risk** – The asset values of securities may be affected by company-specific factors, some of which include volatile business situations, adverse financial conditions and poor corporate governance. This risk may be contained through appropriate portfolio diversification, prudent investment selection and better control on investment concentration risks.
- **Liquidity Risk** – If an asset has insufficient liquidity, there is the risk that the asset cannot be sold or can only be sold at a significant discount to the purchase price. Appropriate portfolio diversification, control on investment concentration limits taking into account liquidity constraints and regular monitoring could help mitigate the said risk.
- **Dividend Policy Risk** – This risk may occur when there is a significant deterioration in a company's business or if there is a change in management policy resulting in a reduction or removal of the company's dividend policy. Such risk is particularly relevant to a fund that focuses largely on dividend yielding stocks. This risk can be mitigated by investing mainly in companies with consistent historical record of paying dividends, companies operating in fairly stable industries or companies with strong cash flows.
- **Target Fund Risk** – As the Fund is a feeder fund, it will invest into a Target Fund which is being managed by a Target Fund Manager. While we would make every effort to ensure that the objectives of the Target Fund are appropriately aligned with those of ours, we do not have control over the Target Fund Manager's investment in terms of its approach, intelligence, operations and management. In the unlikely event of any mishandling of the Target Fund, the NAV of our Fund, which is investing predominantly into the Target Fund, could be similarly adversely affected. This risk may be mitigated by our constant monitoring of the Target Fund, which is requisite to ensuring that the Target Fund's objective, risk profile and characteristics are in line with ours.
- **Target Fund Subscription/Redemption Time Lapse Risk** – Due to the inherent unitisation and Target Fund subscription/redemption processing times, there could be a time lapse between the time monies are received by the Fund and the time the monies are subsequently invested into the Target Fund, vice versa for redemption. The risk of unnecessary subscription/redemption time lapse may be minimised by our best efforts in optimizing the process while adhering strictly to the stipulated asset allocation.